Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (Currently Amended) A dental root canal sealing composition, which comprises
 (i) an amino terminated prepolymer having a viscosity at 23° C. of less than 100 Pas, which is
 obtainable by reacting obtainable obtained by reacting
 - (a) one mole of a compound of the following formula (I)

$$z - X - L$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X - L & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_n$$

wherein

Z represents

an n-valent $C_{2\cdot 42}$ hydrocarbon group, which groups may contain 1 to 6 oxygen atoms, and which may be substituted by 1 to 6 $C_{1\cdot 4}$ alkyl groups;

X represents

a single bond or

an oxygen atom or a nitrogen atom substituted by a C14 alkyl group;

L represents

a single bond or

an optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkylene group, an optionally substituted C_{6-14} arylene group, an optionally substituted C_{7-16} alkylenearylene group, an optionally substituted C_{7-16} arylenealkylene group,

which groups may be substituted by 1 to 6 C_{1-4} alkyl groups; and n represents

an integer of from 2 to 6; and

- (b) at least n moles of one or more compounds
- (b1) of the following formula (II)

wherein

A represents a divalent saturated aliphatic C₂₋₁₆ hydrocarbon group or a divalent saturated cycloaliphatic C₃₋₆ hydrocarbon group, which groups may contain 1 to 6 oxygen atoms, and which may be substituted by 1 to 6 C₁₋₄ alkyl groups;

 R_a and R_b are the same or different and represent a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl or a C_{3-14} cycloalkyl group, which may be substituted by one or more members of the group selected from a C_{1-4} alkyl group, C_{1-4} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, and a hydroxy group; or (b2) of formula (III)

wherein R' represents

a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 to C_{18} alkyl group,

a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 to C_{18} cycloalkyl group,

a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 to C_{30} aralkyl group, which groups may be substituted by one or more members of the group selected from a C_{1-4} alkyl group, C_{1-4} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, and a hydroxy group,

optionally in combination with a further di- or polyamine compound;

- (ii) a compound capable of undergoing polyaddition with the aminoterminated prepolymer (i);
- (iii) 40 to 85 wt.-% of a filler for providing a minimum radioopacity of at least 3 mm/mm Al.
- 2. (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 1, wherein z represents a saturated aliphatic C_{2-18} hydrocarbon chain which may contain 2 to 4 oxygen atoms, and which may be substituted by 1 to 6 C_{1-4} alkyl groups or a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 to C_{30} arylenealkylenearylene group which may be substituted by 1 to 6 C_{1-4} alkyl groups.
- (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 1 or 2, wherein X is an oxygen atom and/or L is an alkylene group, preferably a methylene group, and/or wherein X-L is —OCH₂—.
- (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein n is 2.
- (Currently Amended) The dental root canal sealing composition according to any
 one of the preceding claims, wherein the aminoterminated prepolymer is a prepolymer of one of
 the following formulas

wherein

R represents Z-as defined in elaim-1, preferably-a divalent substituted or unsubstituted C_1 to C_{18} alkylene group, substituted or unsubstituted C_{6-14} arylene group, substituted or unsubstituted C_2 to C_{18} cycloalkylene group, substituted or unsubstituted C_7 to C_{20} arylenealkylenearylene group,

R₁ represents

hydrogen or

a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 to C_{18} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 to C_{18} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 to C_{30} aralkyl group,

R₂ represents a divalent

substituted or unsubstituted C_1 to C_{18} alkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 to C_{18} cycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 to C_{20} aralkylene group, and n is an integer.

(Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 5,
 wherein the aminoterminated prepolymer is a prepolymer of one of the following formulas

wherein R1 and R2 are defined as in claim 5.

- 7. (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound capable of undergoing polyaddition with the aminoterminated prepolymer (i) is selected from a di- or polyfunctional acrylate, a di- or polyfunctional epoxide, a di- or polyfunctional isocyanate, a di- or polyfunctional acrylamide, or a di- or polyfunctional maleimide.
- $8. \qquad {\rm (Original) \ \, The \ \, dental \ \, root \ \, canal \ \, sealing \ \, composition \ \, according \ \, to \ \, claim \ \, 1,}$ wherein the filler contains La $_2$ O $_3$, ZrO $_2$, BiPO $_4$, CaWO $_4$, BaWO $_4$, SrF $_2$, Bi $_2$ O $_3$.
- (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 1, which
 is in the form of a two-component composition.
- (Original) The dental root canal sealing composition according to claim 12,
 wherein the two-component composition is a powder/liquid or a paste/paste system.
- (Currently Amended) Use of the dental material of claim 1 for the manufacture A
 process comprising manufacturing of prefabricated root canal cones comprising the dental
 material of claim 1.

- (Currently Amended) an An amino terminated prepolymer having a viscosity at 23° C of less than 100 Pas, which is obtainable obtained by reacting
 - (a) one mole of a compound of the following formula (I)

wherein

 $\label{eq:Z-represents} Z \ represents an n-valent \ C_{242} \ hydrocarbon \ group, which groups \ may \ contain \ 1 \ to$ 6 oxygen atoms, and which may be substituted by 1 to 6 C $_{14}$ alkyl groups;

X represents

a single bond or

an oxygen atom or a nitrogen atom substituted by a C1-6 alkyl group;

L represents

a single bond or

an optionally substituted C1-16 alkylene group,

an optionally substituted C6-14 arylene group,

an optionally substituted C7-16 alkylarylene group,

an optionally substituted C7-16 arylalkylene group,

which groups may be substituted by 1 to 6 C1-4 alkyl groups; and

n represents an integer of from 2 to 6; and

- (b) at least n moles of one or more compounds
- (b1) of the following formula (II)

wherein

A represents a divalent saturated aliphatic C₂₋₁₆ hydrocarbon group or a divalent saturated cycloaliphatic C₃₋₆ hydrocarbon group, which groups may contain 1 to 6 oxygen atoms, and which may be substituted by 1 to 6 C₁₋₄ alkyl groups;

 R_a and R_b are the same or different and represent a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl or a C_{3-14} cycloalkyl group, which may be substituted by one or more members of the group selected from a C_{1-4} alkyl group, C_{1-4} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, and a hydroxy group;

or

(b2) of formula (III)

wherein R' represents

a substituted or unsubstituted C1 to C18 alkyl group,

a substituted or unsubstituted C3 to C18 cycloalkyl group,

a substituted or unsubstituted C7 to C30 aralkyl group, which groups may

be substituted by one or more members of the group selected from a C_{1-4} alkyl group, C_{1-4} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, and a hydroxy group,

optionally in combination with a further di- or polyamine compound, in a dental composition.